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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/631,255	07/31/2003	John J. King	LF401US	1603	
37111	7590 05/18/2006		EXAMINER		
JOHN J. KING/ LAVAFLOW, LLP			MILORD, MARCEAU		
8 DANADA DRIVE WHEATON, IL 60187			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2618		
			DATE MAILED: 05/18/2000	DATE MAILED: 05/18/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No. Applicant(s)	
	10/631,255	KING ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Marceau Milord	2618
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Ju	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. r election requirement.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 31 July 2003 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Explanation is objected to be added to the Explanation is objected to the Explanation is objec	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to to define the definition of the definition is required if the drawing(s) is objection is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haller et al (US Patent No 7016648 B2) in view of Erkkila et al (US Patent No 6480724 B1).

Regarding claims 1-5, Haller et al discloses a cellular telephone (figs. 1a-1b) capable of transmitting a picture, said cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a) comprising: a digital camera (107 of fig. 1a) capturing said picture (col. 4, lines 26-36; col. 4, lines 48-66; col. 5, lines 10-22).

However, Haller et al does not specifically disclose the features of a control circuit coupled to said digital camera, said control circuit enabling the storage of said picture; a memory coupled to said control circuit; and a border stored in memory, said border being applied to said picture to surround said picture; a user interface for enabling the selection of a border receiver of said plurality of borders.

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On the other hand, Erkkila et al, from the same field of endeavor discloses a modular system for personal data acquisition and communication, is expanded advantageously a cellular telephone system the functions of which can be increased by means of various expansion cards. External equipment related to a function realized by the expansion card, such as an optical unit of a digital camera, may also be located partly or wholly outside the body of the host device, depending on the function of said equipment (col. 2, lines 3-24; col. 3, lines 6-20; col. 5, lines 10-14; col. 6, lines 40-49). Furthermore, the memory of the expansion card is used for storing the control software of the expansion card, and the memory also has got free memory for pictures to be stored. The expansion card control controls the memory by means of one or more control signals. The control also compresses the picture stored in the memory and decompresses the compressed picture as the picture is read from the memory onto the display of the host device. The control fetches the picture data. The expansion card camera may additionally include an expansion card connector socket so that a second expansion card, such as a memory expansion board, can be added to the camera module realized by an expansion card (col. 7, lines 1-39; col. 7, line 48- col. 8, line 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention wade to apply the technique of Erkkila to the communication system of Haller in order provide an expansion card by means of which a camera can be added as an integral part to a mobile communication device.

Regarding claims 6-10, Haller et al discloses a cellular telephone (figs. 1-1b) capable of transmitting a picture, said cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a) comprising: a digital camera (107 of fig. 1a) for capturing said picture (col. 4, lines 26-36; col. 4, lines 48-66; col. 5, lines 10-22).

However, Haller et al does not specifically disclose the features of a control circuit coupled to said digital camera, said control circuit enabling the storage of said picture; a memory coupled to said control circuit; and a border stored in memory, said border being applied to said picture to surround said picture.

On the other hand, Erkkila et al, from the same field of endeavor discloses a modular system for personal data acquisition and communication, is expanded advantageously a cellular telephone system the functions of which can be increased by means of various expansion cards. External equipment related to a function realized by the expansion card, such as an optical unit of a digital camera, may also be located partly or wholly outside the body of the host device, depending on the function of said equipment (col. 2, lines 3-24; col. 3, lines 6-20; col. 5, lines 10-14; col. 6, lines 40-49). Furthermore, the memory of the expansion card is used for storing the control software of the expansion card, and the memory also has got free memory for pictures to be stored. The expansion card control controls the memory by means of one or more control signals. The control also compresses the picture stored in the memory and decompresses the compressed picture as the picture is read from the memory onto the display of the host device. The control fetches the picture data. The expansion card camera may additionally include an expansion card connector socket so that a second expansion card, such as a memory expansion board, can be added to the camera module realized by an expansion card (col. 7, lines 1-39; col. 7, line 48- col. 8, line 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention wade to apply the technique of Erkkila to the communication system of Haller in order provide an expansion card by means of which a camera can be added as an integral part to a mobile communication device.

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Regarding claims 11-14, Haller et al discloses a cellular telephone (figs. 1-1b) capable of transmitting a picture, said cellular telephone comprising: a digital camera for capturing said picture; a control circuit coupled to said digital camera, (col. 4, lines 26-36; col. 4, lines 48-66; col. 5, lines 10-22).

However, Haller et al does not specifically disclose the features of a control circuit enabling the storage of said picture; a user interface coupled to said control circuit, said user interface having a keypad enabling the selection of a border; and a transmitter sending said picture and said border by way of a wireless communication network.

On the other hand, Erkkila et al, from the same field of endeavor discloses a modular system for personal data acquisition and communication, is expanded advantageously a cellular telephone system the functions of which can be increased by means of various expansion cards. External equipment related to a function realized by the expansion card, such as an optical unit of a digital camera, may also be located partly or wholly outside the body of the host device, depending on the function of said equipment (figs. 5-6;col. 2, lines 3-24; col. 3, lines 6-20; col. 5, lines 10-14; col. 6, lines 40-49). Furthermore, the memory of the expansion card is used for storing the control software of the expansion card, and the memory also has got free memory for pictures to be stored. The expansion card control controls the memory by means of one or more control signals. The control also compresses the picture stored in the memory and decompresses the compressed picture as the picture is read from the memory onto the display of the host device. The control fetches the picture data. The expansion card camera may additionally include an expansion card connector socket so that a second expansion card, such as a memory expansion board, can be added to the camera module realized by an expansion card (col. 7, lines

1-39; col. 7, line 48- col. 8, line 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention wade to apply the technique of Erkkila to the communication system of Haller in order provide an expansion card by means of which a camera can be added as an integral part to a mobile communication device.

Regarding claim 15, Haller et al as modified discloses a cellular telephone (figs. 1-1b) capable of transmitting a picture, said cellular telephone comprising a voice recognition circuit (col. 5, lines 41-67).

Regarding claims 16-19, Haller et al discloses a method of displaying a picture (figs. 1a-1b) on a cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a), said method comprising the steps of: providing a digital camera (107 of fig. 1a) on said cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a) for capturing a picture (col. 4, lines 26-36; col. 4, lines 48-66; col. 5, lines 10-22).

However, Haller et al does not specifically disclose the steps of storing a border in a memory of said cellular telephone; and coupling a border to a picture; enabling a user of said cellular telephone to select a border of a plurality of borders; transmitting said picture and said border.

On the other hand, Erkkila et al, from the same field of endeavor discloses a modular system for personal data acquisition and communication, is expanded advantageously a cellular telephone system the functions of which can be increased by means of various expansion cards. External equipment related to a function realized by the expansion card, such as an optical unit of a digital camera, may also be located partly or wholly outside the body of the host device, depending on the function of said equipment (col. 2, lines 3-24; col. 3, lines 6-20; col. 5, lines 10-14; col. 6, lines 40-49). Furthermore, the memory of the expansion card is used for storing the

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control software of the expansion card, and the memory also has got free memory for pictures to be stored. The expansion card control controls the memory by means of one or more control signals. The control also compresses the picture stored in the memory and decompresses the compressed picture as the picture is read from the memory onto the display of the host device. The control fetches the picture data. The expansion card camera may additionally include an expansion card connector socket so that a second expansion card, such as a memory expansion board, can be added to the camera module realized by an expansion card (col. 7, lines 1-39; col. 7, line 48- col. 8, line 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention wade to apply the technique of Erkkila to the communication system of Haller in order provide an expansion card by means of which a camera can be added as an integral part to a mobile communication device.

Regarding claim 20, Haller et al as modified discloses a method of displaying a picture (figs. 1a-1b) on a cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a), wherein said step of transmitting comprises transmitting said picture and said border to a printer to be printed as a postcard (col. 4, lines 50-66; col. 5, lines 41-67).

Regarding claims 21-23, Haller et al discloses a method of displaying a picture on a cellular telephone (figs. 1a-1b), said method comprising the steps of: providing a digital camera (107 of fig. 1a) on said cellular telephone (106 of fig. 1a) for capturing a picture; storing a plurality of borders in a memory of said cellular telephone (col. 4, lines 26-36; col. 4, lines 48-66; col. 5,lines 10-22).

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However, Haller et al does not specifically disclose the steps of enabling the selection of a border of said plurality of borders; and coupling a picture file with said selected border; of receiving a border by way of a wireless communication network.

On the other hand, Erkkila et al, from the same field of endeavor discloses a modular system for personal data acquisition and communication, is expanded advantageously a cellular telephone system the functions of which can be increased by means of various expansion cards. External equipment related to a function realized by the expansion card, such as an optical unit of a digital camera, may also be located partly or wholly outside the body of the host device, depending on the function of said equipment (col. 2, lines 3-24; col. 3, lines 6-20; col. 5, lines 10-14; col. 6, lines 40-49). Furthermore, the memory of the expansion card is used for storing the control software of the expansion card, and the memory also has got free memory for pictures to be stored. The expansion card control controls the memory by means of one or more control signals. The control also compresses the picture stored in the memory and decompresses the compressed picture as the picture is read from the memory onto the display of the host device. The control fetches the picture data. The expansion card camera may additionally include an expansion card connector socket so that a second expansion card, such as a memory expansion board, can be added to the camera module realized by an expansion card (col. 7, lines 1-39; col. 7, line 48- col. 8, line 16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention wade to apply the technique of Erkkila to the communication system of Haller in order provide an expansion card by means of which a camera can be added as an integral part to a mobile communication device.

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Regarding claim 24, Haller et al as modified discloses a method of displaying a picture on a cellular telephone (figs. 1a-1b), wherein said step of transmitting comprises transmitting said border and said address to a printer (col. 4, lines 50-66; col. 5, lines 41-67).

Regarding claim 25, Haller et al as modified discloses a method of displaying a picture on a cellular telephone (figs. 1a-1b), comprising a step of printing said picture, said border and said address as a postcard (col. 4, lines 50-66; col. 5, lines 41-67).

Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

King et al discloses a foldable wireless communication device functioning as a cellular telephone and a personal digital assistant.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marceau Milord whose telephone number is 571-272-7853. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew D. Anderson can be reached on 571-272-4177. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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MARCEAU MILORD

Marceau Milord Primary Examiner Art Unit 2618 Page 10

MARCEAU MILORD PRIMARY EXAMINED

5-10-06